

- (1) (a) In a cubic unit cell, sketch $(10\bar{3})$ and $[10\bar{3}]$. (8%)
(b) The crystal structure of dalium (Da) is BCC. Its molar volume is $9.99 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$. Calculate the linear packing density along $[011]$ in Da. Express your answer in atoms cm^{-1} . (10%)
- (2) Give one example and briefly explain the following types of defect. (a) 0-dimensional defect (4%), (b) 1-dimensional defect (4%) and (c) 2-dimensional defect. (4%)
- (3) (a) A membrane is to be manufactured to the following specification. At 700°C , the leak rate of hydrogen at steady state is not to exceed $10^{-3} \text{ mol cm}^{-2} \text{ hr}^{-1}$ when the concentrations of hydrogen are maintained at $C_s^{\text{high}} = 7.7 \times 10^{19} \text{ atom cm}^{-3}$ on one side of the membrane and $C_s^{\text{low}} = \text{effectively zero}$ on the other side. What is the minimum thickness, T , of iron foil that will meet these requirements? The diffusion coefficient of atomic hydrogen in iron, D_H , at 700°C is $3.091 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$. Express your answer in units of cm. (10%)
(b) You are given two specimens of iron, each of identical purity. Specimen A has a grain size of 3.39 micrometer; specimen B has a grain size of 444 micrometer. Which specimen will exhibit a higher rate of diffusion of hydrogen through it? Explain the reason for your choice. (10%)
- (4) (a) Illustrate the typical engineering stress-strain and true stress-strain behaviors, label the corrected stress and explain why the stress needs to be corrected. (5%)
(b) For an alloy, the stress at which plastic deformation begins is 325 MPa, and the modulus of elasticity is 230 GPa.
(b-1) What is the maximum load that may be applied to a cylindrical specimen having an original diameter of 10 mm without plastic deformation? (5%)
(b-2) If the original specimen length is 120 mm, what is the maximum length to which it may be stretched without causing plastic deformation? (10%)
- (5) (a) Sketch the B-H curves of ferromagnetic and ferromagnetic materials and give the meanings of important terms of B-H curve. (5%)
(b). If domain boundary movement were hindered, what would occur on the B-H hysteresis loop? Please sketch it. (5%)
(c) The saturation magnetization flux density (M_s) of Fe_2O_3 is $5.0 \times 10^5 \text{ A/m}$ each unit cell contains 8 Fe^{2+} , and the magnetic moment of Fe^{2+} is 4 Bohr magneton. Now, we want to design the magnet with the saturation magnetization flux density of $4.5 \times 10^5 \text{ A/m}$, what's the content of Fe^{2+} should be replaced by Ni^{2+} ? (The magnetic moment of Ni^{2+} is 2 Bohr magneton) (10%)
- (6) Please define the light-emitting diodes (LEDs)? What's the working principle of LEDs? (5%)
- (7) An gold wire 10 m long is cooled from 150°C to 10°C . How much change in length will it experience? The coefficient of thermal expansion of gold is $1.4 \times 10^{-5} (1/\text{K})$ (5%)